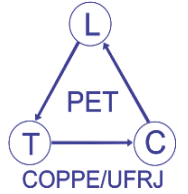


PLVB/EXAMPLES

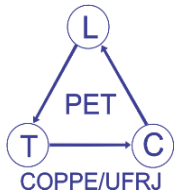


BRAZILIAN GREEN LOGISTICS PROGRAM (PLVB) STRENGTHENING LOGISTICS SUSTAINABILITY THROUGH BEST PRACTICES IN ROAD FREIGHT TRANSPORT

Márcio de Almeida D'Agosto

FREIGHT TRANSPORT LABORATORY (LTC)/FREIGHT TRANSPORT PROGRAM (PET)
FEDERAL UNIVERSITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO (UFRJ)

SUMMARY

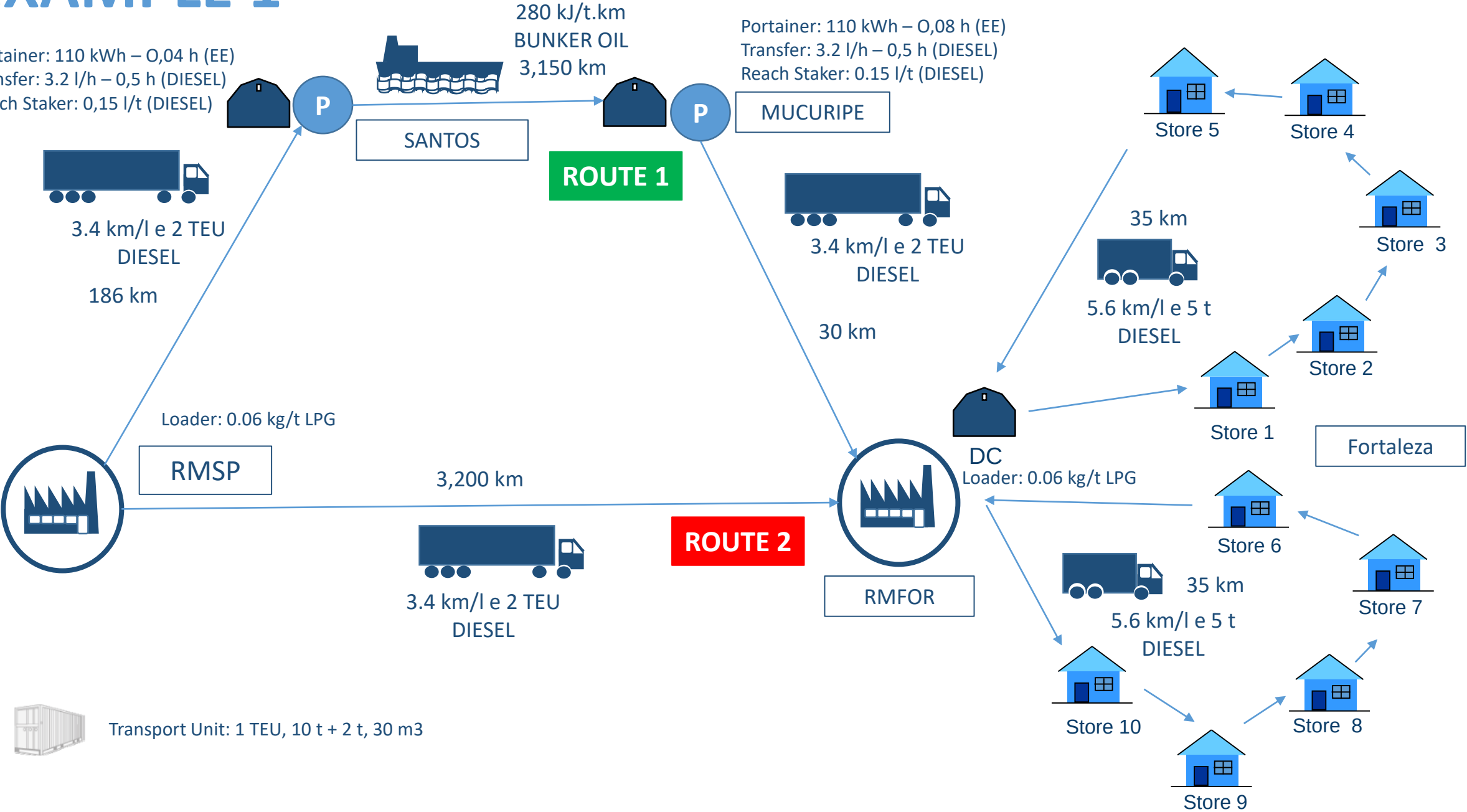


1. EXAMPLE 1 – ROAD X ROAD + COASTAL MARITIME TRANSPORT
2. EXAMPLE 2 – ROAD X ROAD + RAIL
3. EXAMPLE 3 - LONG-DISTANCE MARITIME TRANSPORT X AIR TRANSPORT
4. EXAMPLES OF PARAMETERS AND INTERNATIONAL FACTORS

COVERAGE: FOCUS WILL BE GIVEN TO CARBON DIOXIDE (CO₂) EMISSIONS. FOR ANY OTHER GHG, THE PROCEDURE IS THE SAME.

EXAMPLE 1

Portainer: 110 kWh – 0,04 h (EE)
Transfer: 3.2 l/h – 0,5 h (DIESEL)
Reach Staker: 0,15 l/t (DIESEL)

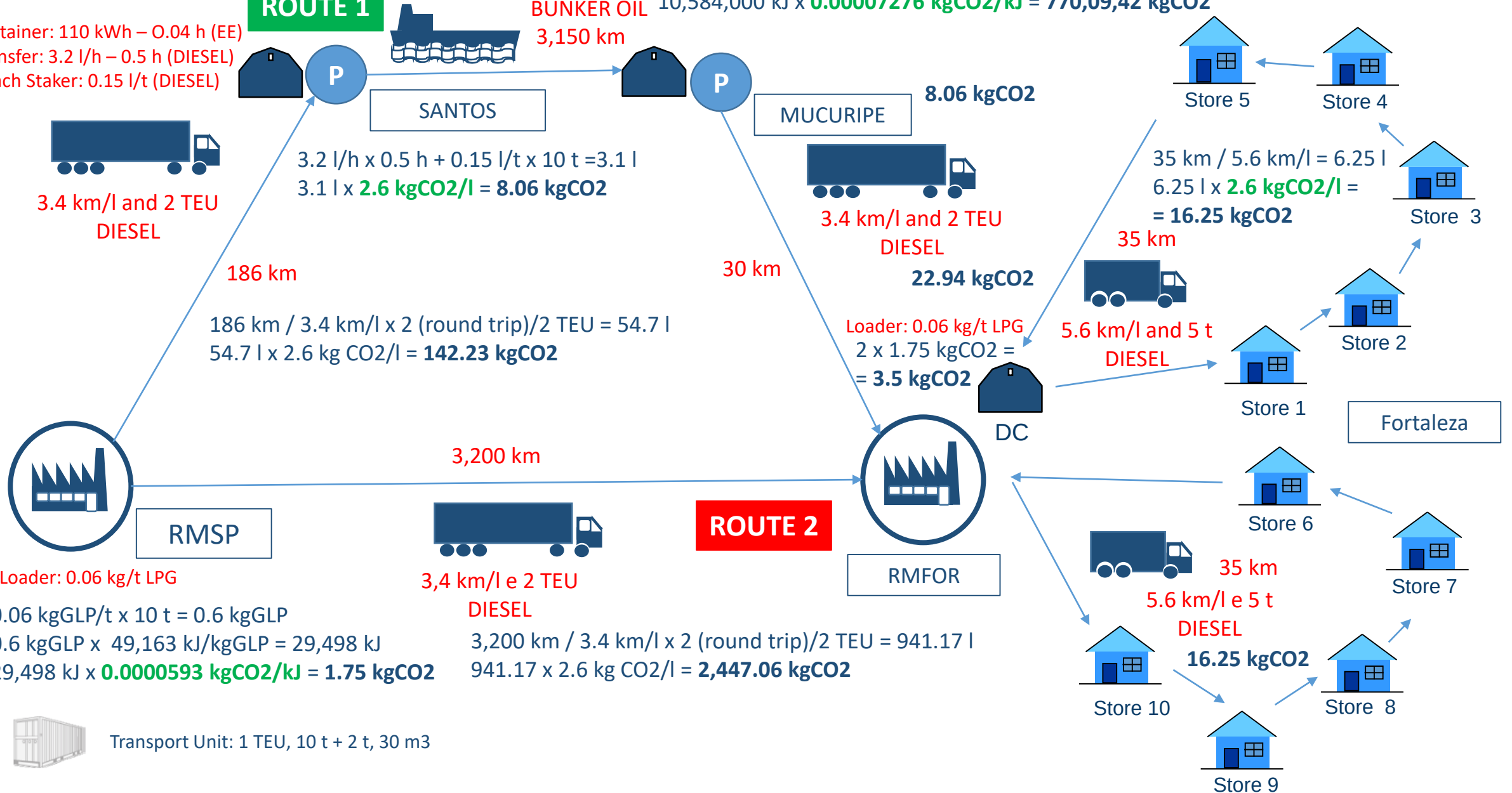


EXAMPLE 1

Portainer: 110 kWh – 0.04 h (EE)
Transfer: 3.2 l/h – 0.5 h (DIESEL)
Reach Staker: 0.15 l/t (DIESEL)

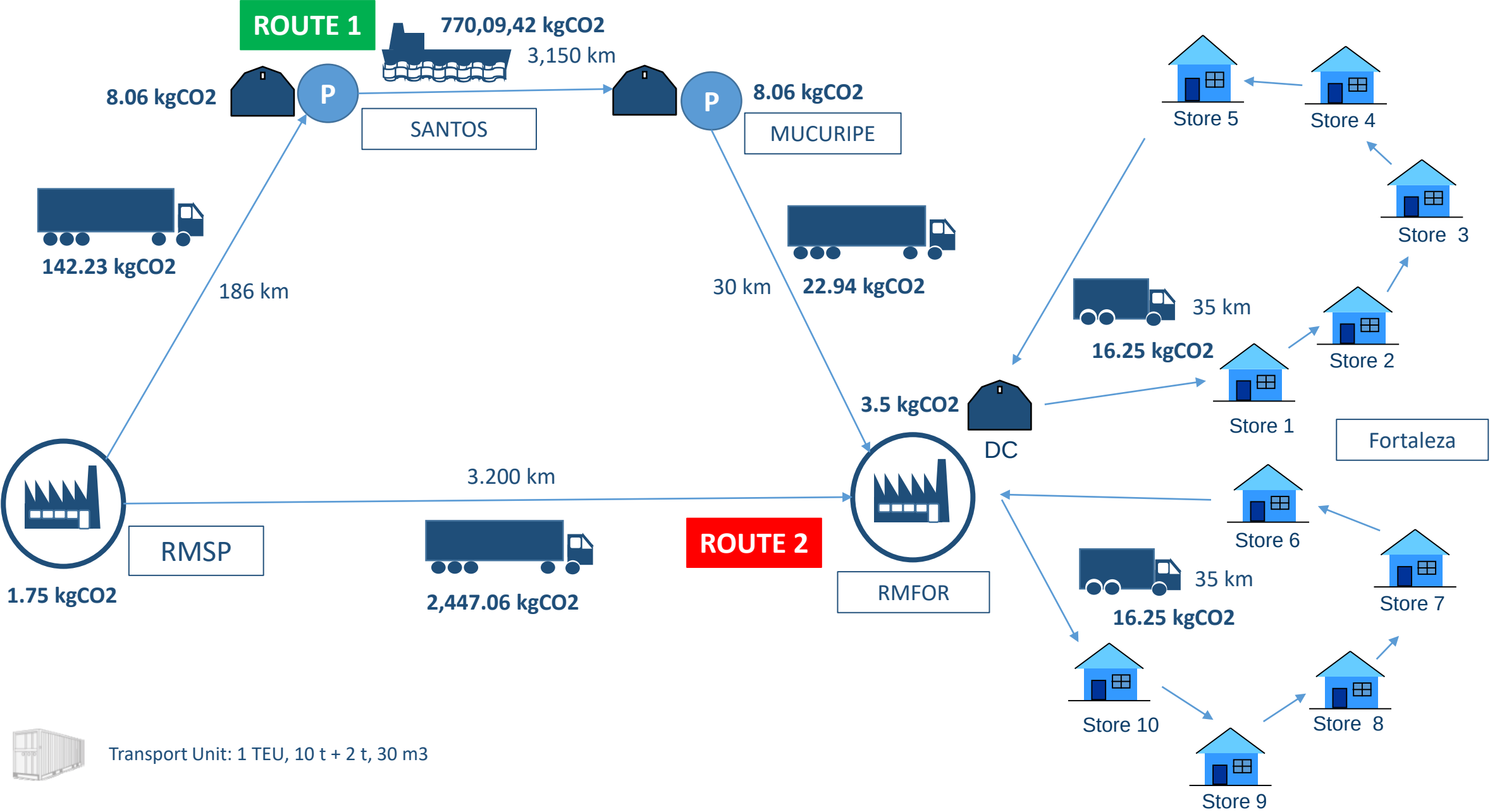
ROUTE 1

280 kJ/t.km 280 kJ/t.km x 12 t x 3,150 km = 10,584,000 kJ
BUNKER OIL 10,584,000 kJ x 0.00007276 kgCO₂/kJ = 770,09,42 kgCO₂
3,150 km



Transport Unit: 1 TEU, 10 t + 2 t, 30 m³

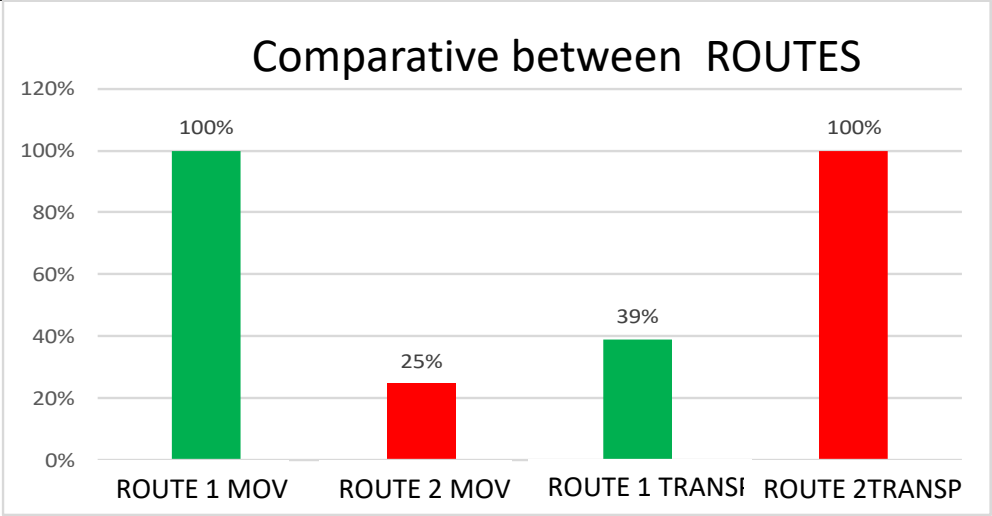
EXAMPLE 1



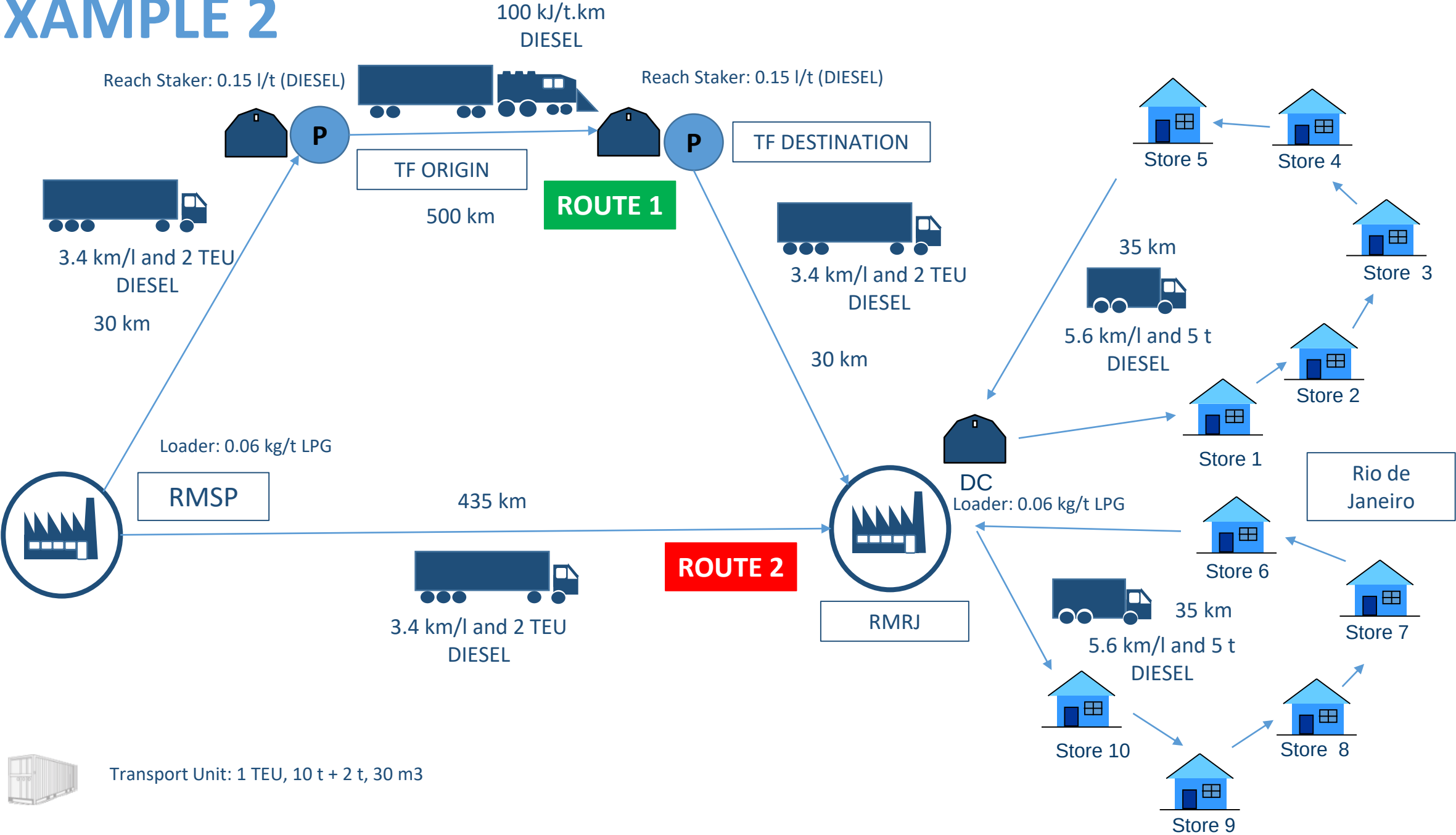
EXAMPLE 1

ROUTE 1	Kg CO2/unit	Kg CO2/t	Km	KgCO2/t.km	ROUTE 2	Kg CO2/unit	KgCO2/t	Km	KgCO2/t.km
Factory Movement Origin	1.75	0.18			Factory Movement Origin	1.75	0.18		
Road Transport Origin	142.23	14.22	186.00	0.08					
Port Movement Origin	8.06	0.81							
Maritime Transportation	770.09	77.01	3150.00	0.02	Road Transportation	2447.03	244.70	3200.00	0.08
Port Movement Destination	8.06	0.81							
Transference Road Destination	22.94	2.29	30.00	0.08					
DC Movement Destination	3.50	0.35			DC Movement Destination	3.50	0.35		
Road Distribution Destination	32.50	3.25	35.00	0.09	Road Distribution Destination	32.50	3.25	35.00	0.09
TOTAL ROUTE 1	989.13	98.92			TOTAL ROUTE 2	2484.78	248.48		
ROUTE 1 Movement	21.37	21.60%			ROUTE 2 Movement	5.25	0.21%		
ROUTE 2 Transportation	967.76	97.84%			ROUTE 2 Transportation	2479.53	99.79%		

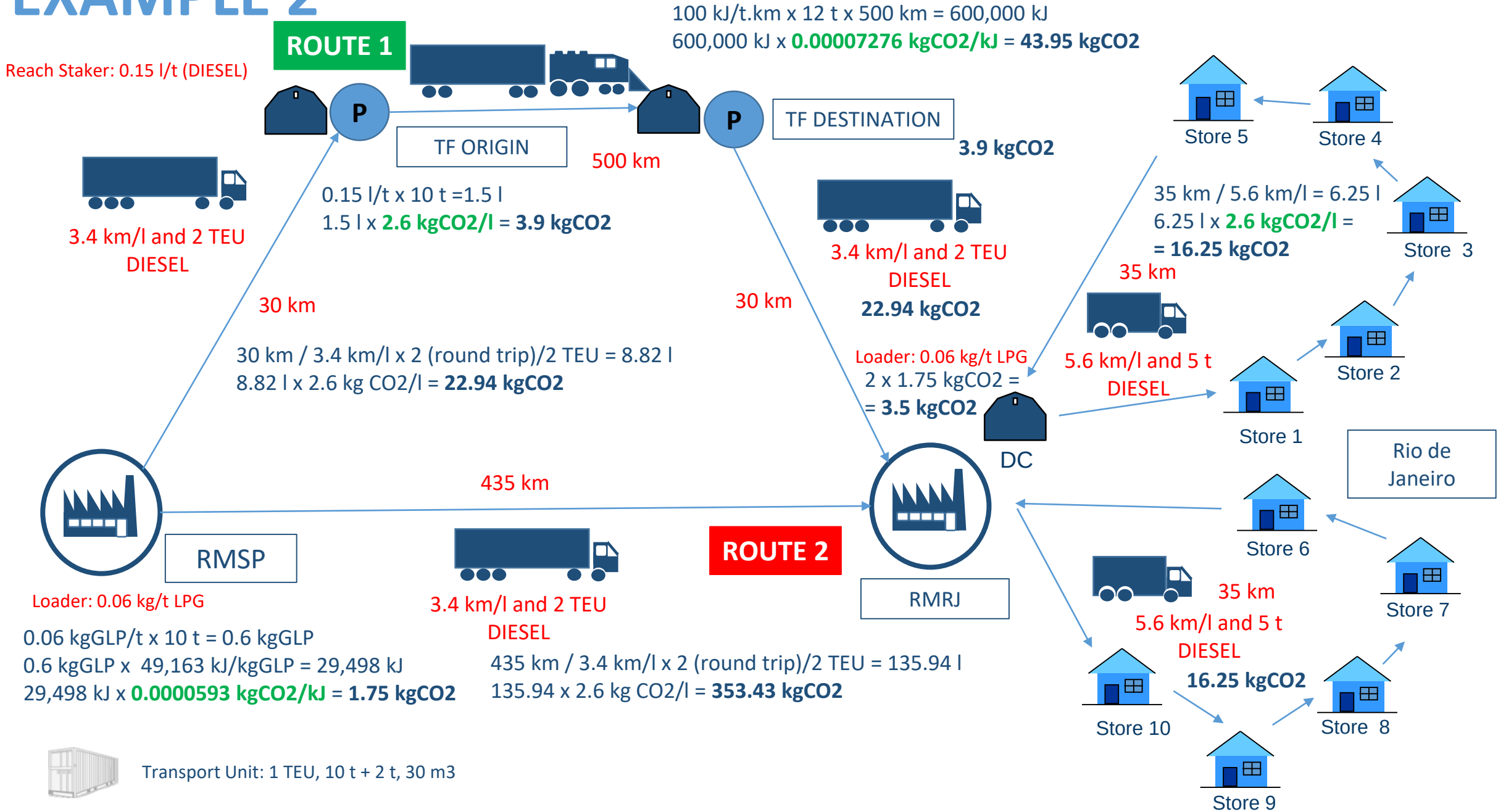
ROUTE 1 Mov	21.37	100%
ROUTE 2 Mov	5.25	25%
ROUTE 1 Transp	967.76	39%
ROUTE 2 Transp	2479.53	100%



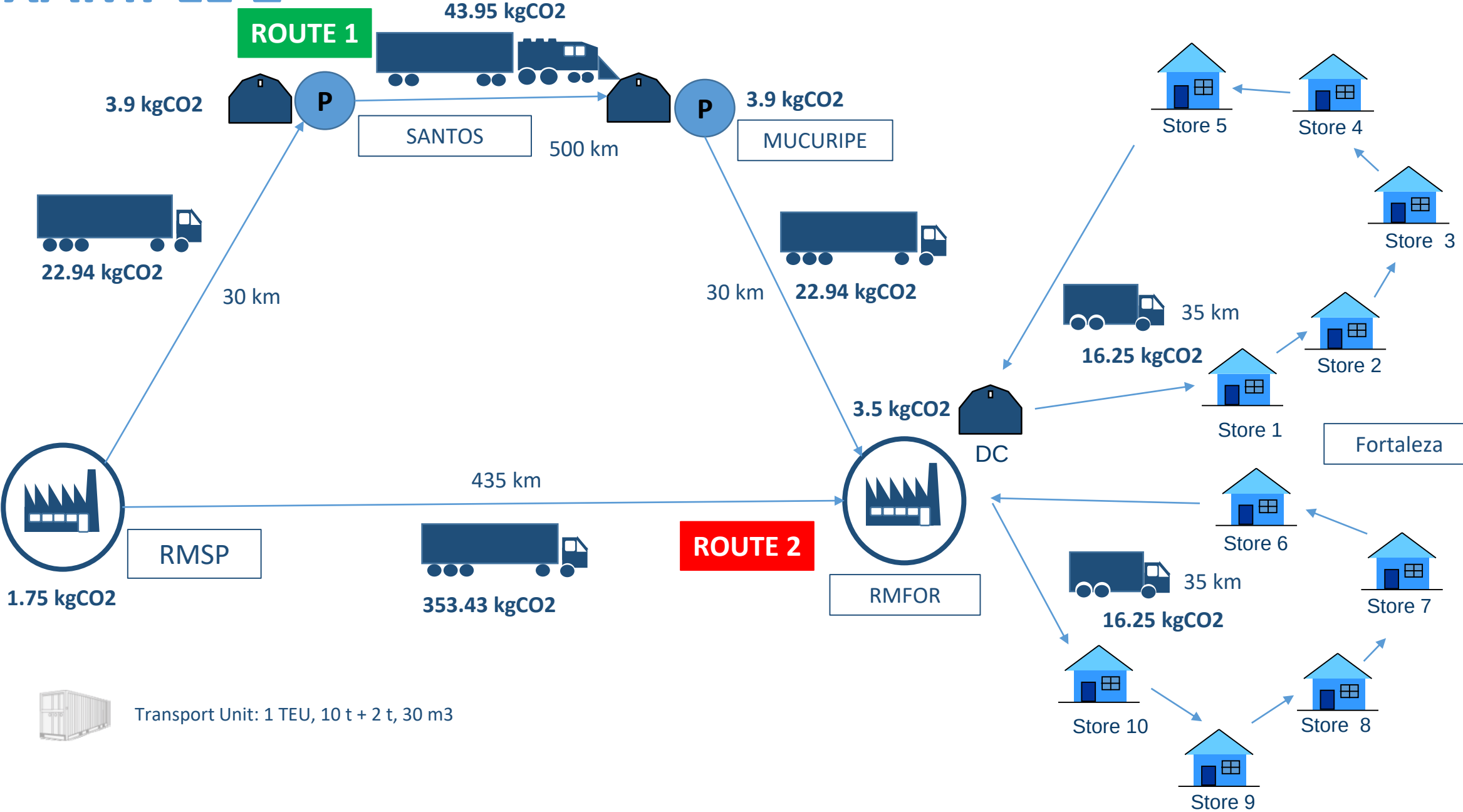
EXAMPLE 2



EXAMPLE 2



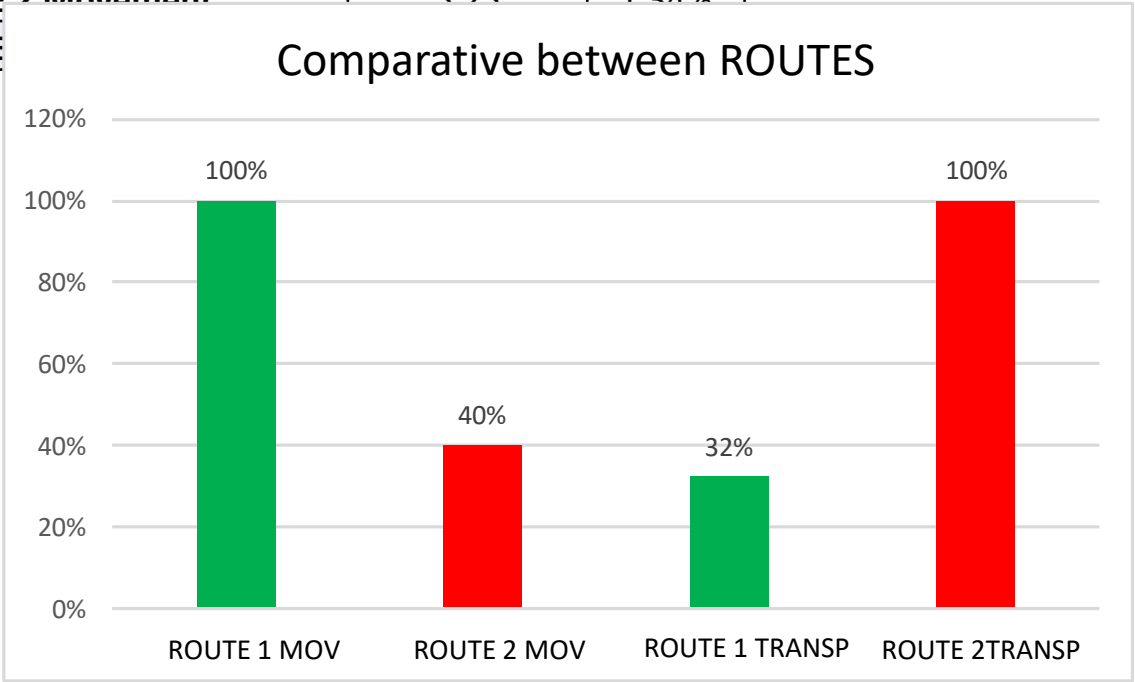
EXAMPLE 2



EXAMPLE 2

ROUTE 1	Kg CO2/unit	Kg CO2/t	Km	KgCO2/t.km	ROUTE 2	Kg CO2/unit	KgCO2/t	Km	KgCO2/t.km
Factory Movement Origin	1.75	0.18			Factory Movement Origin	1.75	0.18		
Road Transport Origin	24.94	2.49	30.00	0.08					
Port Movement Origin	3.90	0.39							
Rail Transportation	43.95	4.40	500.00	0.01	Road Transportation	353.43	35.34	435.00	0.08
Port Movement Destination	3.90	0.39							
Transference Road Destination	22.94	2.29	30.00	0.08					
DC Movement Destination	3.50	0.35			DC Movement Destination	3.50	0.35		
Road Distribution Destination	32.50	3.25	35.00	0.09	Road Distribution Destination	32.50	3.25	35.00	0.09
TOTAL ROUTE 1	137.38	13.74			TOTAL ROUTE 2	391.18	39.12		
ROUTE 1 Movement	13.05	9.50%			ROUTE 2 Movement	5.25	1.34%		
ROUTE 2 Transportation	124.33	90.50%			ROUTE 2 Transportation	385.93	98.66%		

ROUTE 1 Mov	13.05	100%
ROUTE 2 Mov	5.25	40%
ROUTE 1 Transp	124.33	32%
ROUTE 2 Transp	385.93	100%

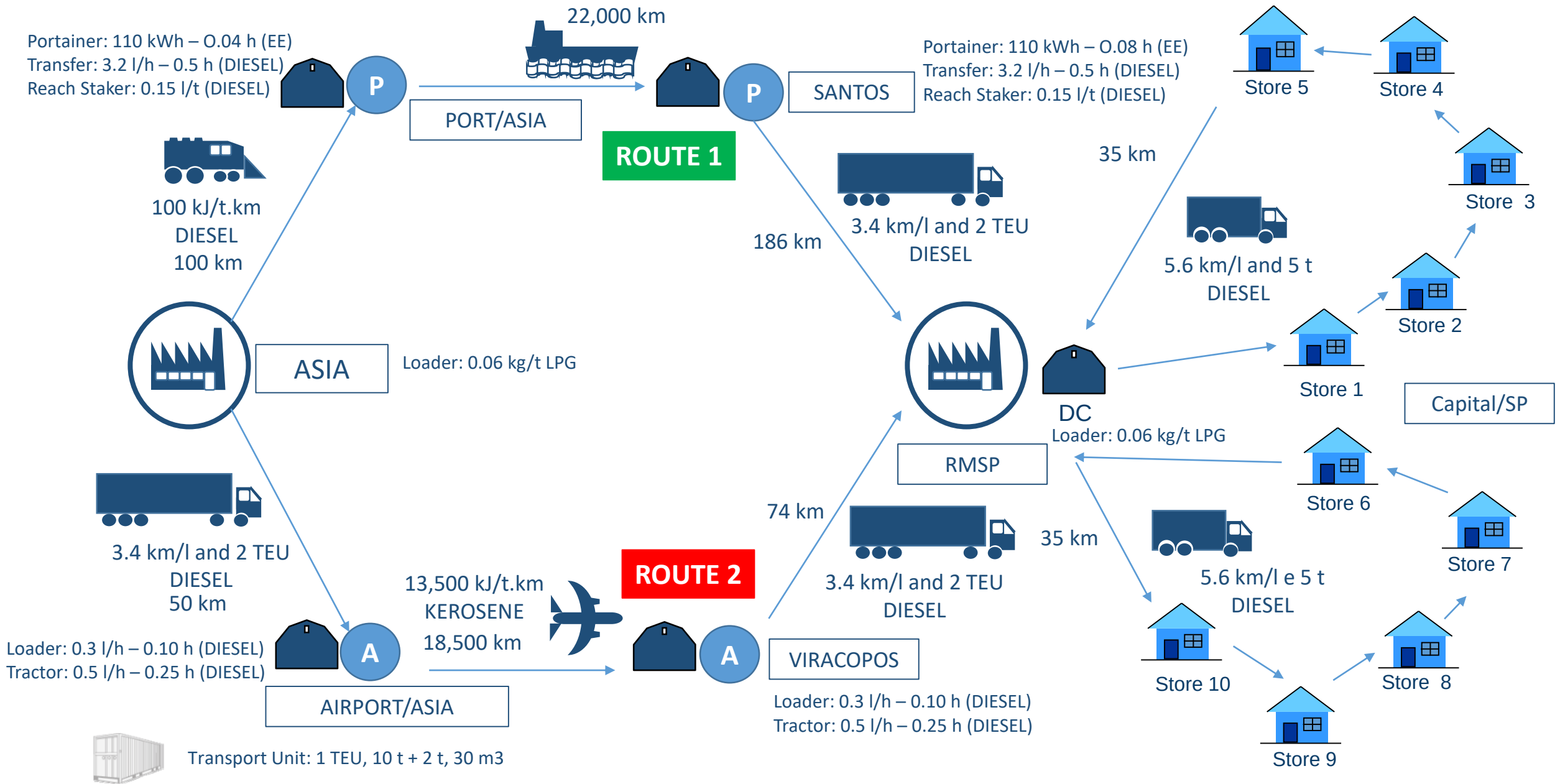


EXAMPLE 3

Portainer: 110 kWh – 0.04 h (EE)
Transfer: 3.2 l/h – 0.5 h (DIESEL)
Reach Staker: 0.15 l/t (DIESEL)

280 kJ/t.km
BUNKER OIL
22,000 km

Portainer: 110 kWh – 0.08 h (EE)
Transfer: 3.2 l/h – 0.5 h (DIESEL)
Reach Staker: 0.15 l/t (DIESEL)



EXAMPLE 3

Portainer: 110 kWh – 0.08 h (EE)
Transfer: 3.2 l/h – 0.5 h (DIESEL)
Reach Staker: 0.15 l/t (DIESEL)

280 kJ/t.km
BUNKER OIL
22,000 km

280 kJ/t.km x 12 t x 22,000 km = 73,920,000 kJ
73,920,000 kJ x 0.00007276 kgCO₂/kJ = 5,378.42 kgCO₂

SANTOS
8.06 kgCO₂

PORT/ASIA

3.2 l/h x 0.5 h + 0.15 l/t x 10 t = 3.1 l
3.1 l x 2.6 kgCO₂/l = 8.06 kgCO₂

100 kJ/t.km
DIESEL
100 km

100 kJ/t.km x 12 t x 100 km = 120,000 kJ
120,000 kJ x 0.0000715 kgCO₂/kJ = 8.58 kgCO₂

Loader: 0.06 kg/t LPG

ASIA

0.06 kgGLP/t x 10 t = 0.6 kgGLP
0.6 kgGLP x 49,163 kJ/kgGLP = 29,498 kJ
29,498 kJ x 0.0000593 kgCO₂/kJ = 1.75 kgCO₂

50 km / 3.4 km/l x 2 (round trip)/2 TEU = 14.7 l
14.7 l x 2.6 kg CO₂/l = 38.22 kgCO₂

3.4 km/l e 2 TEU
DIESEL
50 km

Loader: 0.3 l/h – 0.10 h (DIESEL)
Tractor: 0.5 l/h – 0.25 h (DIESEL)

AIRPORT/ASIA

0.3 l/h x 0.10 h + 0.5 l/h x 0.25 h = 0.155 l
0.155 l x 2.6 kgCO₂/l = 0.40 kgCO₂

13,500 kJ/t.km
KEROSENE
18,500 km

13,500 kJ/t.km x 12 t x 18,500 km = 2,997,000,000 kJ
2,997,000,000 kJ x 0.00006724 kgCO₂/kJ = 201,518.28 kgCO₂

VIRACOPOS

186 km

3.4 km/l e 2 TEU
DIESEL
142.23 kgCO₂

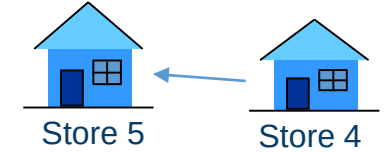
74 km

56.59 kgCO₂

3.4 km/l e 2 TEU
DIESEL

RMSP

DC 2 x 1.75 kgCO₂ = 3.5 kgCO₂



5.6 km/l e 5 t
DIESEL
35 km

35 km / 5.6 km/l = 6.25 l
6.25 l x 2.6 kgCO₂/l = 16.25 kgCO₂



Capital/SP



5.6 km/l e 5 t
DIESEL

16.25 kgCO₂



Store 10

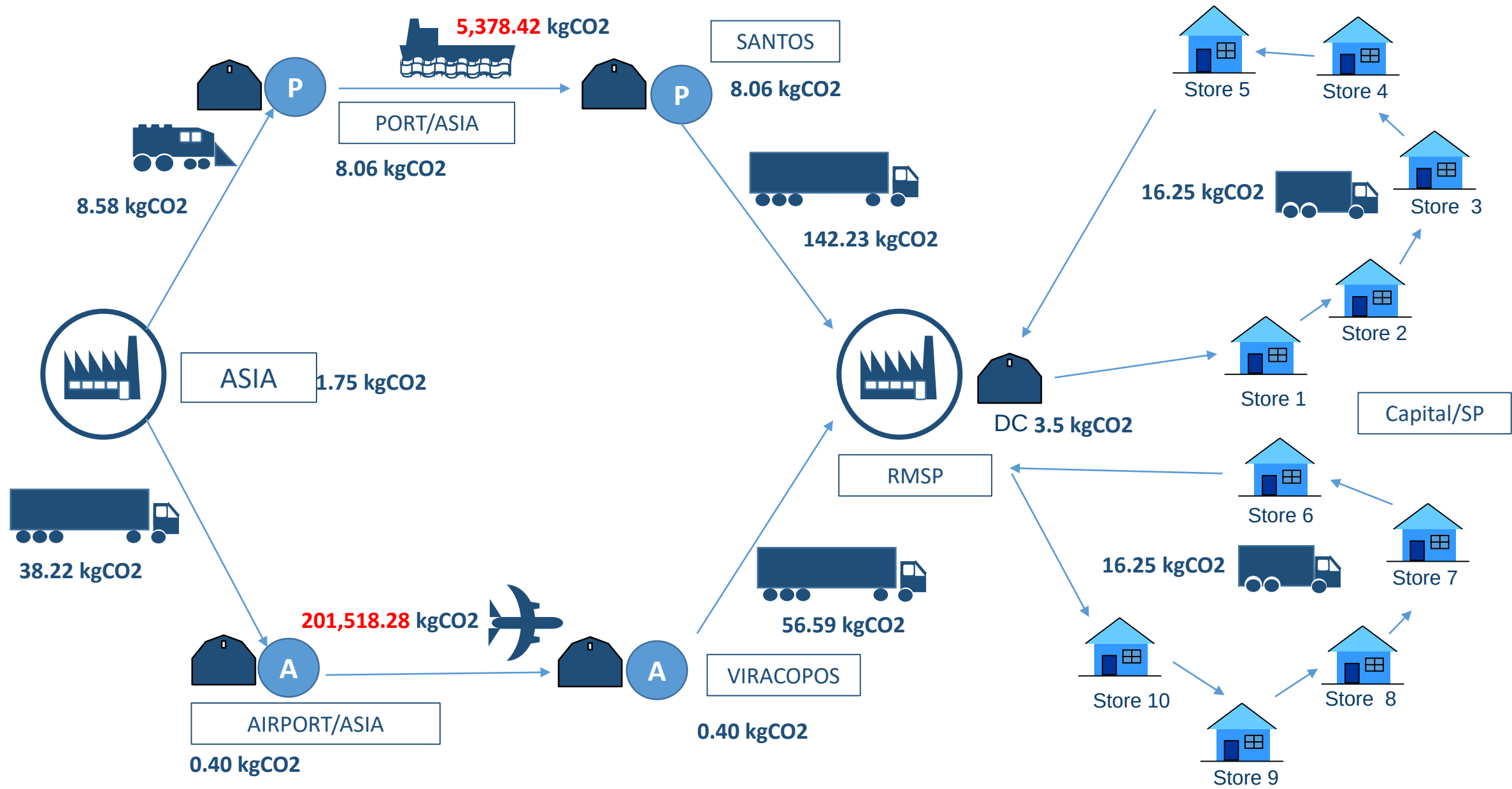


Store 9



Store 8

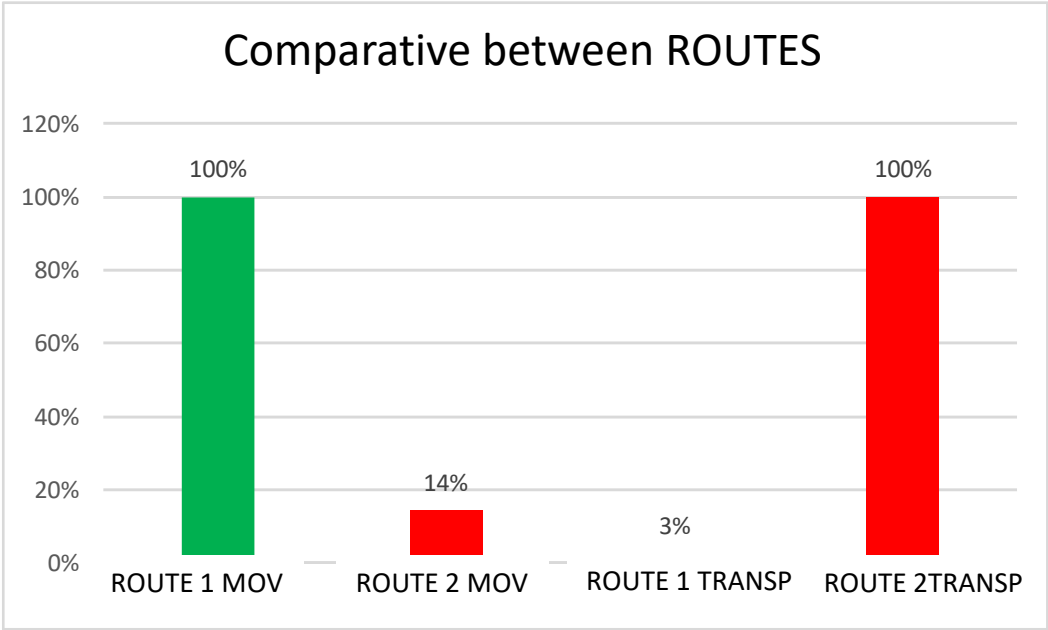
EXAMPLE 3



EXAMPLE 3

ROUTE 1	Kg CO2/unit	Kg CO2/t	Km	KgCO2/t.km	ROUTE 2	Kg CO2/unit	KgCO2/t	Km	KgCO2/t.km
Factory Movement Origin	1.75	0.18			Factory Movement Origin	1.75	0.18		
Rail Transport Origin	8.58	0.86	100.00	0.01	Road Transport Origin	38.22	3.82	50.00	0.08
Port Movement Origin	8.06	0.81			Airport Transport Origin	0.40	0.04		
Maritime Transportation	5,378.42	537.84	22,000.00	0.02	Air Transportation	201,518.28	20,151.83	18,500.00	0.08
Port Movement Destination	8.06	0.81			Airport Movement Destination	0.40	0.04		
Transference Road Destination	142.23	14.22	186.00	0.08	Transference Road Destination	56.59	5.66	74.00	
DC Movement Destination	3.50	0.35			DC Movement Destination	3.50	0.35		
Road Distribution Destination	32.50	3.25	70.00	0.05	Road Distribution Destination	32.50	3.25	70.00	0.09
TOTAL ROUTE 1	5,583.10	558.31			TOTAL ROUTE 2	201,651.64	20,165.16		
ROUTE 1 MOVEMENT	17.87	0.32%			ROUTE 2 MOVEMENT	2.55	0.0013%		
ROUTE 2 TRANSPORTATION	5,561.73	99.62%			ROUTE 2 TRANSPORTATION	201,645.64	99.9970%		

ROUTE 1 MOV	17.87
ROUTE 2 MOV	2.55
ROUTE 1 TRANSP	5,561.73
ROUTE 2 TRANSP	201,645.59



EXAMPLES OF PARAMETERS AND INTERNATIONAL FACTORS



Greenhouse Gas Protocol

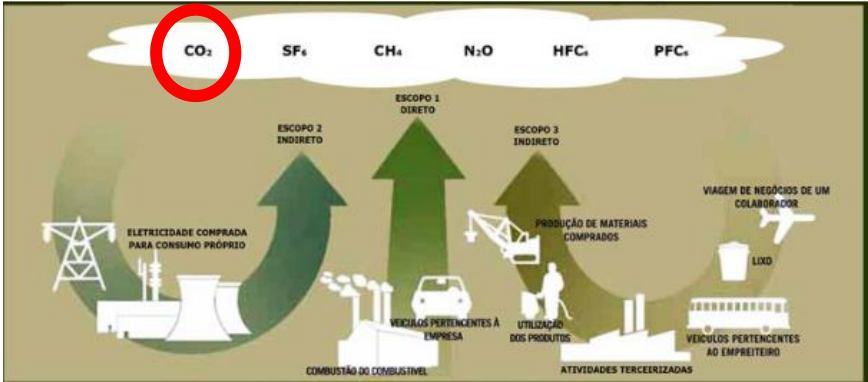


- 1 Define the organizational boundaries
- 2 Define operational limits
- 3 Select calculation methodology and emission factors
- 4 Collect Data
- 5 Calculate emissions
- 6 Elaborate GHG emission Report

Scope 1: GHG direct emissions

Scope 2: GHG indirect emissions from eletricity

Scope 3: Other GHG indirect emissions



Consumption factor = $\frac{\sum \text{fuel}}{\sum (\text{tonne} * \text{km})}$

Greenhouse gas emissions = fuel x fuel emission factor

EXAMPLES OF PARAMETERS AND INTERNATIONAL FACTORS



INVENTÁRIO NACIONAL
DE EMISSÕES ATMOSFÉRICAS
POR VEÍCULOS AUTOMOTORES
RODOVIÁRIOS

2013

ANO-BASE 2012

Relatório Final



Pollutants	Otto cycle cars and light commercials		Motorcycles		Diesel cycle vehicles	NGV vehicles
	Gasoline c	Hydrous ethanol	Gasoline c	Hydrous ethanol		
Exhaust emissions						
Carbon monoxide (CO)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Particulate matter (PM)	✓		✓		✓	
Aldehydes (RCHO)	✓	✓				✓
Non-methane hydrocarbons (NMHC exhaust)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Methane (CH4)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Carbon dioxide (CO2)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Nitrous oxide (N2O)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Evaporative emissions (NMHC evap)	✓	✓				
Exhaust emissions from brakes and tires (MP)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Track wear emissions (MP)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

EXAMPLES OF PARAMETERS AND INTERNATIONAL FACTORS



Category	Engine
Motorcycles	Otto / Gasoline
	Otto / Flex Fuel
Automobiles	Otto / Gasoline
	Otto / Ethanol
	Otto / Flex Fuel
	Otto / GNV
Light commercials	Otto / Gasoline
	Otto / Ethanol
	Otto / Flex Fuel
	Diesel
Micro bus	Diesel
City buses	Diesel
Road buses	Diesel
Semi-trailer trucks (PBT> 3.5 t. <6 t.)	Diesel
Light Trucks (PBT> 6 t. <10 t.)	Diesel
Medium Trucks (PBT> 10 t. <15 t.)	Diesel
Light duty trucks (PBT> 15 t, PBTC <40 t.)	Diesel
Heavy Duty Trucks (PBT> 15t, PBTC> 40t.)	Diesel

EXAMPLES OF PARAMETERS AND INTERNATIONAL FACTORS

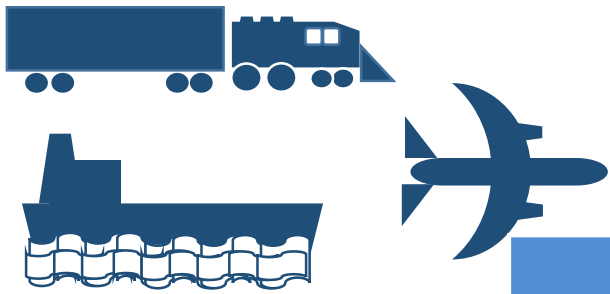


WE NEED TO IMPROVE
THE KNOWLEDGE OF IN-
USE VEHICLE FUEL
ECONOMY (km/l)

BRAZILAIN CO₂ EMISSION FACTORS

Calendar year	Automotive Gasoline (kg/l)	Hydrated Ethanol (kg/l)	Anhydrous Ethanol (kg/l)	Diesel Mineral (kg/l)	Biodiesel (kg/l)	CNG (kg/m ³)
1980	2.209			2.631		
1981	2.209			2.646		
1982	2.212			2.656		
1983	2.261			2.649		
1984	2.258			2.674		-
1985	2.278			2.665		
1986	2.275			2.686		
1987	2.261			2.680		
1988	2.281	1.457	1.526	2.671	-	
1989	2.266			2.686		
1990	2.261			2.686		
1991-1997	2.261			2.674		
1998	2.243			2.646		1.999
1999	2.232			2.631		
2000	2.220			2.613		
2001-2004	2.212			2.603		
2005-2012	2.212			2.603	2.431	

EXAMPLES OF PARAMETERS AND INTERNATIONAL FACTORS



$$\frac{\text{kg CO}_2}{\text{L}} = \frac{\text{ton C}}{\text{TJ}} \times \frac{\text{TJ}}{\text{tep}} \times \frac{\text{tep}}{\text{m}^3} \times \% \text{Oxidation} \times \frac{44 \text{ ton CO}_2}{12 \text{ ton C}}$$

Fuel	Emission Factor (tC / TJ)	TJ / tep	Tep / m³	% Oxidized
Automotive Gasoline	18.9	0.04187	Table 9	99.00%
Anhydrous Ethanol	18.8			
Hydrous ethanol				
Mineral diesel				
Biodiesel*	20.2			
GNV	15.3			99.50%

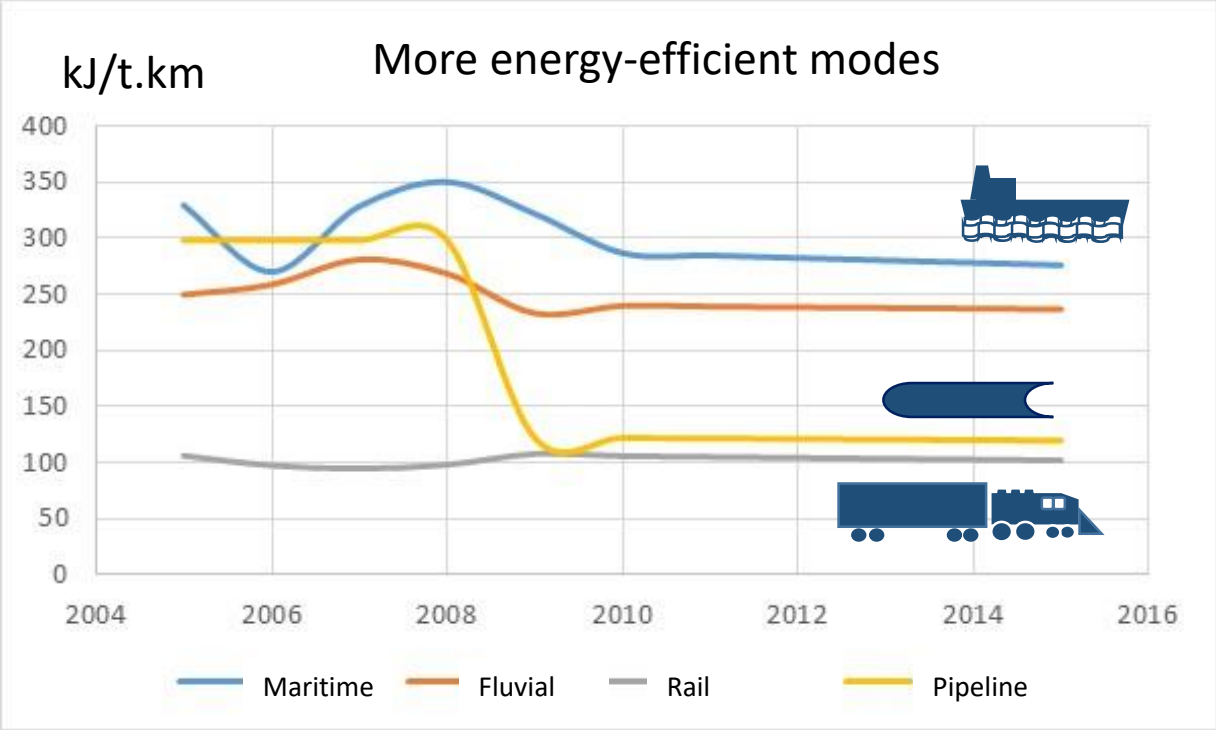
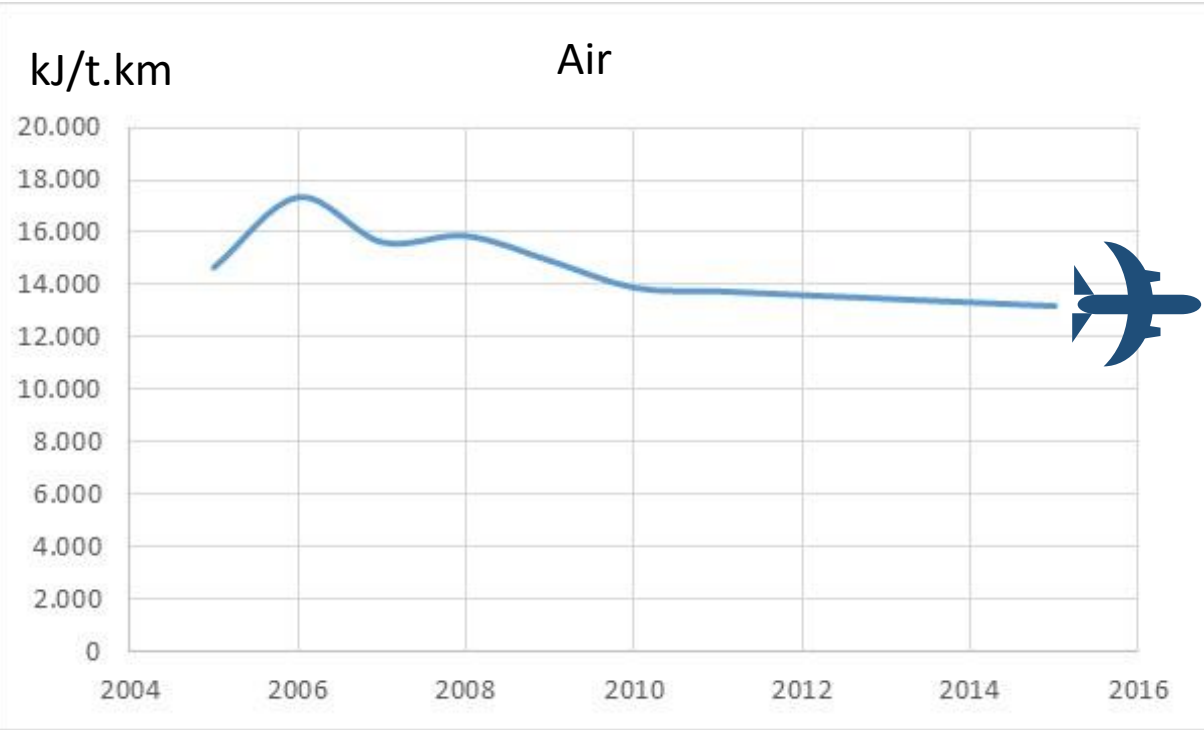
*For biodiesel, the same emission factor, in tC / TJ, of mineral diesel was considered.



WE NEED TO KNOW WELL
THE EFICIENCY [MJ/t.km]
OF THE MODES WE USE.

EXAMPLES OF PARAMETERS AND INTERNATIONAL FACTORS

WE NEED TO IMPROVE THE KNOWLEDGE OF THE EFFICIENCY [kJ/t.km] OF THE MODES WE USE.



PLVB

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